
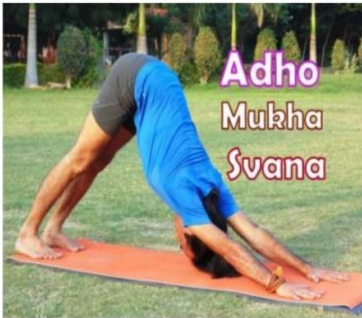
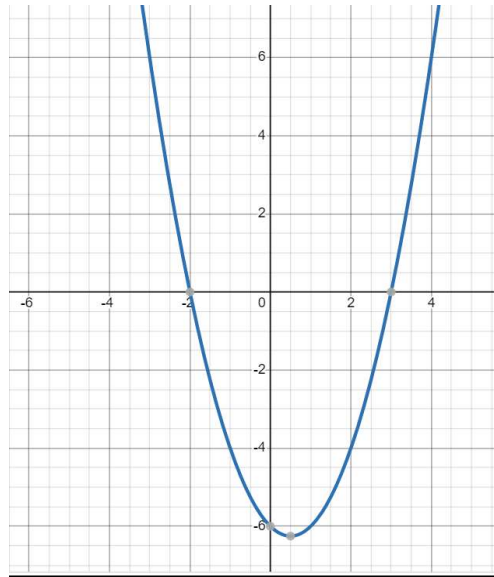


6	If HCF (26, 169) = 13, then LCM (26, 169) = (a) 26 (b) 52 (c) 338 (d) 13	1
7	The HCF and the LCM of 12, 21, 15 respectively are (a) 3, 140 (b) 12, 420 (c) 3, 420 (d) 420, 3	1
8	Statement 1 (Assertion): The system of linear equations $9x + 3y + 12 = 0$ and $18x + 6y + 24 = 0$ have infinitely many solutions. Statement 2 (Reason): The system of linear equations $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ and $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$ have infinitely many solutions, if $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$ (a) Statement 1 and Statement 2 are true; Statement 2 is the correct explanation for Statement 1 (b) Statement 1 and Statement 2 are true; Statement 2 is not a correct explanation for Statement 1 (c) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false (d) Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true	1
9	If the system of equations $kx - 5y = 2$, $6x + 2y = 7$ has no solution, then $k =$ (a) -10 (b) -5 (c) -6 (d) -15	1
10	The quadratic equation $2x^2 - \sqrt{5}x + 1 = 0$ has (a) two distinct real roots (b) two equal real roots (c) no real roots (d) more than 2 real roots	1
SECTION – B		
Section B consists of 2 questions of 2 marks each.		
11	Prove that $2 + 5\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number, given that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number.	2
12	If α and β are the zeros of the polynomial $f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 4$, find the value of $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} - 2\alpha\beta$. OR Frame a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are $2 + \sqrt{3}$ and $2 - \sqrt{3}$	2
SECTION – C		
Section C consists of 4 questions of 3 marks each.		
13	A train takes 2 hours less for a journey of 300 km if its speed is increased by 5km/hr from its usual speed. Find the usual speed of the train.	3

14	If the mean of the following distribution 54, find the value of p						3		
	Class	0 - 20	20 - 40	40 - 60	60 - 80	80 - 100			
	Frequency	7	p	10	9	13			
	OR								
Find the mode of the following frequency distribution									
Class	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200				
Frequency	12	14	8	6	10				
15	Solve for x and y : $49x + 51y = 499$ and $51x + 49y = 501$						3		
16	Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $2x^2 - 7x + 6$, and verify the relationship between zeroes and its coefficients.						3		
SECTION – D									
Section D consists of 2 questions of 5 marks each.									
17	If the median of the distribution given below is 28.5, find the value of x and y						5		
	Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50		50-60	Total
	No. of students	5	x	20	15	y		5	60
18	Solve the system of equations $x + 3y = 6$ and $2x - 3y = 12$ graphically and shade the region bounded by these lines and Y-axis. Hence find the area of the triangle so obtained.						5		
	OR								
The coach of a cricket team buys 7 bats and 6 balls for Rs. 3800. Later, he buys 3 bats and 5 balls for Rs. 1750. Find the cost of each bat and ball.									
SECTION – E									
Section E consists of 1 case-study based question of 4 marks									
19	An asana is a body posture originally and still a general term for a sitting meditation pose, and later extended in hath yoga and modern yoga as exercise to any type of pose or position adding reclining, standing, inverted, twisting and balancing poses. In the figure, one can observe that poses can be related to representation of quadratic polynomial.								
									

(i) Name the shape of the poses shown.



(ii) Find the zeroes of the polynomial representing the graph given above.

(iii) Frame a quadratic polynomial representing the graph given above.

OR

If -1 is a zero of the polynomial $p(x) = kx^2 - 4x + k$, then find the value of k

1

1

2