

IDEAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DOHA –QATAR TERM I EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2023

SCIENCE

CLASS:VII SET 1I Max Marks: 80 Duration: 3hrs

General Instructions:

1. The Question Paper contains four sections.

- 2. Section A has questions of 1 mark each. It includes MCQs, fill in the blanks, assertion and reason, give one word, case study based questions and match the following.
- 3. Section B has 4 questions of 2 marks each with one internal choice.
- 4. Section C has 4 questions of 3 marks each with one internal choice.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions of 5 marks each with one internal choice

	SECTION	<u>– A</u>	
I.	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:		Marks
	Choose the correct option.		
1.	The wave like motion in the walls of the oesophagus		
	(a) peristalsis	(b) epiglottis	1
	(c) mastication	(d) dentine	
2.	The products of photosynthesis are		
	(a) oxygen, water	(b) water ,carbon dioxide	1
	(c) glucose, carbon dioxide	(d) glucose, oxygen	
3.	Which part of the leaf traps suns energy?		
	(a) Flower	(b) chlorophyll	1
	(c) haemoglobin	(d) iodine	
4.	The true stomach of ruminants where digestion of food takes place.		1
	(a) omasum	(b)) rumen	
	(c) reticulum	(d) abomasum	
5.	For the same rise in temperature, which of the following statements is false?		1
	(a) liquids expand more than solids		
	(b) solids expand less than gases		
	(c) liquids expand more than gases(d) gases expand more than solids		
	(u) gases expand more man somus		

6.	Which of these is not a fibre?	
	(a) cotton (b) leather	1
	(c) silk (d) jute	
7.	Crystallization is an example for	
	(a) a reversible chemical change	1
	(b) an irreversible physical change	
	(c) an irreversible chemical change	
	(d) a reversible physical change	
8	The smallest particle of an element that retains the properties of that element.	
	(a) molecule (b) mixture	1
	(c) compound (d)atom	
9.		
		1
	Identify the type of heat transfer in the above figure?	
	(a) convection (b) conduction	
	(c) radiation (d) none of these	
10.	Scientists who study and predict weather	
	(a) astrologist (b) meteorologist	1
	(c) astronaut (d) chemist	
II	FILL IN THE BLANKS	
11		1
	The process that takes place when a supersaturated solution of urea is cooled to get the solute is called	
12	The process by which Suns energy reaches the earth is	
12		1
13	Upper fixed point in the Celsius scale is	1
14	Animals that are active at night when it is cool are called animals.	1
1+	Ammais that are active at hight when it is cool are cancu annitals.	1
15		
	Bile is stored in the	1
16	Each silkworm sheds its skin times by moulting.	1
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III.	ASSERTION AND REASON QUESTION. Following questions consist of two statements-one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as reason .(R) .Answer these questions selecting the appropriate	1
	option given below:	
	(a) Both A and R are true, and R is correct explanation of A.	
	(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
	(c) A is true, but R is false.	
	(d) A is false, but R is true.	
	(d) 11 is faise, but it is true.	
17	Assertion: Mercury is used in thermometers.	1
(i)	Reason: It expands slow.	
()	1	
17	Assertion: Condensation of water vapour is a chemical change.	1
(ii)	Reason: New substance is formed in a chemical change.	
17	Assertion: Dodder is an example for parasitic plant	
(iii)	Reason: Dodder has almost no chlorophyll and cannot photosynthesis.	1
17	Assertion: Black and dark coloured clothes are preferred for winter.	
(iv)	Reason: They absorb sunlight and keep us warm.	1
IV.	GIVE ONE WORD FOR THE FOLLOWING:	
18.	Rearing of silkworm for the production of silk.	
		1
19.	The beneficial relationship between two organisms.	1
20.	What is the normal body temperature of a human in Celsius scale.	
	• •	1
21.		1
	SI unit of temperature.	
22	What are the substances that taking part in a chemical reaction called?	
		1
V		
	CASE STUDY BASED QUESTIONS:	
	Read the following passage and answer the following questions.	

23. CASE STUDY 1 5x1=5Tropical rain forests are located near the equator. They have a hot and wet climate. They support a greater number and variety of animals compared to any other region because of characteristics like warm weather, constant water supply and availability of food.. Precipitation is evenly distributed through out the year with plenty of rainfall. Large mammals and small animals live here. Animals are adapted to make the best use of shelter, food and safety available to them. Elephants, monkeys etc have adaptations that help them to live in hot and wet climate 1. Which of the following is an adaptation of elephants? (a) large ears (b)sensitive trunk (c) tusks (d) all of these 2. The ----- has blue- green algae growing on its fur, giving it a greenish colour. (a) monkey (b) Jaguars (c) sloth (d) Toucan 3. The climate of tropical rain forests. (a) Hot and dry (b) very cold and snowy (c) hot and wet (d) very little precipitation 4.In which of the following the beak is adapted to reach nuts on the branches that are too small to support the birds weight? (a) monkey (b) parrots (c) sloth (d) Toucan 5. Tropical rain forests support a greater number and variety of animals compared to any other region . Why? 24. **CASE STUDY 2** Some plants get their nutrients by trapping and digesting insects and sometimes other small animals. They use their modified structures formed from their leaves to trap insects. Some organisms get their nutrients from dead and decaying materials. They use digestive juices to break down the materials in to simple ones that can be absorbed.





5x1=5

1. Figure C is an example for -----.

(c) Symbiotic plant

C

- (a) Saprophytes (b) insectivorous plants (c) Symbiotic plants (d) autotrophs 2.In figure B which part is modified to trap insects? (a) root (b) leaf (d) flower (c) stem 3. Plants that make their own food are called..... (a) autotrophs (b) heterotrophs (c) saprophytes (d)all of these 4. Lichen is an example for-----(a) Saprophytic plant (b) partial parasite
- 5. Some plants get their nutrients by trapping and digesting insects and sometimes other small animals. They are called

(d) total parasite

(a) Saprophytes(b) insectivorous plants(c) Symbiotic plants(d) autotrophs

25.	матси ти	E EOLLOWING	F1 F
	MATCH THE FOLLOWING		5x1=5
	A	В	
	Salivary gland	Bakelite	-
	Removal of wool	Pseudopodia	
	Amoeba	Thermometer	
	Mercury	Shearing	
	Insulator	Accessory organ	7
	SHORT ANSWER QUE Answer in brief.	SECTION – B STIONS TYPE-I	
26.	Observe the given picture an a. The greater part of digestion b. Bile is secreted by this organ c. What is the function of tongu	takes place here.	2
27.	List any two differences betw	een conduction and radiation.	2
28.	What is the advantage of coppe are made of wood? OR Explain how convection occur	er bottomed cooking vessels? Why their handles	2
29.	a. Why are gaps left between tb. What is the principle of a lice	he length of rail in a railway	2

	SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS TYPE-II	
	Answer in brief.	
30.	a. List the necessary conditions for the transfer of heat by conduction.b. On what factors does the heat radiated by a body depends?c.What is the function of reflecting surface provided in an electric room heater?	3
31.	 a. Convert the following into degree Fahrenheit 50 °C in to °F b. Give any two important effects of heat. 	3
32.	Draw the different stages of the life cycle of a silk moth and label it. OR Write a short note on the process of obtaining woolen clothes from sheared wool.	3
33.	Identify the following changes as Physical and Chemical changes. Burning of sugar, baking of a cake, stretching a rubber band, growth of a plant, Evaporation of water, cooking of food.	3
	SECTION D LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS Answer in detail	
34.	a. How are penguin adapted to live in very cold regions? Explain. b. Name any four factors that affect the climate	5
35.	a. Draw a labelled diagram of a thermos flask. b.Why does a metal container feel warmer to touch when compared to a plastic container when both are filled with hot water at the same temperature?	5
36	a.Explain any two methods to prevent rusting. b. List three main properties of all compounds. OR Write any four differences between physical and chemical changes. Give one example each.	5
37.	List and briefly describe the steps in digestion	5

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